THE FLOWERS COLLECTION

The Daily Bulletin.

VOL. VII.—NO. 1011.] CHARLOTTE, N. C., FRIDAY, AUGUST 8, 1862. [$6 PER ANNUM.

THE BULLETIN:

BY EDWARD S. BRITTON.

OFFICE.....NO. 16 TRYON STREET, *Over China Hall, on the second floor*

TERMS FOR PAPER:

☞ THE DAILY BULLETIN will be furnished at SIX DOLLARS per annum, IN ADVANCE.

☞ THE TRI-WEEKLY BULLETIN will be published every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday morning, and supplied for $4 00 per annum, payable in advance.

Yankee Barbarities in Louisiana.

We find in the Lynchburg *Republican*, the following particulars in regard to the brutal treatment of Major S. Roberts and his two sons, in the vicinity of Baton Rouge, by the Yankee garrison at that place:

It seems that the enemy obtained information through negro informers, (and they want no better testimony,) that Josiah Roberts, and G. C. Roberts, were soldiers, the former a regular enlisted Confederate soldier, the latter a Captain of a Guerilla Company, were then at their father's house. Collecting a body of his men, Colonel McMilton, of the 21st Indiana Regiment, proceeded, under negro guidance, to the house of Major S. Roberts. Surrounding the house, they demanded the surrender of Josiah and G. W. Roberts. Kentucky too well what would be their fate, they determined to die rather than surrender. Seizing a gun, Josiah was about to make the best of a defence, when he fell at his father's door, pierced by several balls. Major S. Roberts, a veteran of 1812 and 1815, and upwards of four score years, grasped the gun from his dying son, and shot down Colonel McMilton. The officer next in command then ordered his men to charge bayonets upon and murder the "d—d old scoundrel." The old Major stepped back a pace or two, and told them that "he was lord and master of his own house, that he had done the deed, and that if they advanced one step, he would fire again." Taken aback by such coolness and bravery, the commanding officer told his men not to hurt the old man under any consideration, but to take him prisoner for he was too brave to kill.

But numbers prevailed, and the old man and son were taken prisoners. Then commenced high-handed pillage and devastations. The house was set on fire, as were likewise barns, the gin and sugar houses, and burnt to the ground. The mules, horses and stock were driven off, negroes taken away, carts, wagons and farming utensils were seized, and growing crops destroyed. Not a building was left to tell where lately flourished a prosperous farm. The wife of G. W. Roberts, scarcely strong enough to rise from a bed of confinement, was driven out and forced to fly from a house that was burning over her head, and obliged to walk several miles to seek shelter for herself and tender babe, in the house of a neighbor, and to procure assistance to remove the body of the dead. That brave old man, borne down by wrecked constitution and the weight of oppressive years, was compelled to walk twelve miles, over a miserable muddy road, and to cap the climax of brutality, father and son were hand-cuffed together and driven through the streets of Baton Rouge:—in the words of the narator. "An old man and son could not be guarded by a regiment of men, without binding the prisoners in irons."

BURNING OF A FEDERAL GUNBOAT—TWO OTHERS AGROUND.—The Federal gunboat which got aground near the month of Appomattox, Sunday, and into which a Confederate field battery threw 21 shot, was fired yesterday afternoon by the Federals, and when our informant left the vicinity, was in full blaze from stem to stern. All day Monday and yesterday forenoon, the enemy were engaged in endeavoring to lighten her, but their efforts proved unavailing, and they were compelled to consign her to the flames. During Monday night two other gunboats, which had been sent to the relief of the first, got aground and were stuck fast yesterday afternoon at 5 o'clock, when the tide was flood, and unusually high. The chances are that those two will have to be disposed of in the usual Yankee mode, viz: by applying the torch. By the way, the wreck of the gunboat which got aground in the Appomattox, near the Point of Rocks about four weeks ago, and which the Yankees were compelled to burn, after vaily endeavoring to get her off, is still to be seen. A plan is now on foot, which will probably secure the whole of her valuable machinery to the Confederate Government.—*Petersburg Express.*

The New York *Times* of the 17th July contains an advertisement of H. A Kelley, 35 Park Place, offering $100 to any first rate man who will enlist for a year—the bid to remain open for a week. This does not look as if New York was eager to fight for the flag. Another notice in the same paper shows that all sorts of devices, tricks and shifts are employed to stimulate recruiting.

It is best for us, however, to believe that the North will somehow find all the men called for. Let us get to work to meet them or anticipate them.

THE RAM ARKANSAS.—In correction of an erroneous statement now going the rounds of the newspapers, the Savannah *Republican* gives the following dimensions of the above famous craft. They were furnished that paper by Mr. Wagner, her architect, who is now in Savannah: Length between perpendiculars, 165 feet; breadth of moulded beam, 35 feet; depth of, hold, 12 feet. Her motive power consists of two high-pressure engines, 400 horse power each; diameter of screws, 8 feet. She draws nine feet of water.

A Capital Suggestion.

In a brief paragraph a few days since, (says the Savannah *News,*) we suggested that it would be right and proper for the Governors of the invaded Southern States to demand of the Confederate military authorities, all white men captured in their respective territories, associated in arms with negroes, to be punished by our statute laws against inciting insurrection, as John Brown was punished by the State of Virginia. We are gratified to learn by the Virginia papers that Gov. Letcher has made application to the Secretary of War to deliver over to the authorities all the Virginia traitors who have been taken in arms against the State, and all of the Yankee prisoners now in or near Richmond, who, there may be ground for suspecting, have been engaged in violating those statutes of Virginia that make criminal and punishable such acts as inciting slaves to rebellion, enticing them to leave their masters, using incendiary language, passing counterfeit money, &c.

We sincerely hope that Governor Letcher's example will be followed by the Governors of all the Confederate States. There is no reason why our laws for the protection of the lives and property of our citizens, should be abrogated because the Northern government is endeavoring to legalize theft, murder, robbery, arson, and insurrection, by resorting to such barbarous measures in their war against us; nor would it be consistent with State rights to permit our own government to place theives and insurrectionists, taken on our soil, on the footing of prisoners of war. The war power granted by the States to the Confederate government for the common defence, does not authorize that government to disregard our statute laws enacted for our security. Nor does the cartel recently agreed upon between the United States and our government, stand in the way of a compliance with Gov. Letcher's application for the surrender of criminals. It was never contemplated by the signers of that instrument that it should shield felons—it was simply for an exchange of prisoners of war. A negro thief, an inciter of insurrection, is a felon under our statute laws, and whether the crime was committed before or after his capture as a prisoner of war, he is amenable to "the law in such case made and provided," and should be given up for trial and punishment.

We hope the question will be pressed upon the government, and that our Confederate military authorities will be instructed to turn all white men, against whom there is good grounds for suspecting that they have been engaged in violating the statute laws of the States in which they are captured, to the civil authorities of those States.

More Yankee Villainy.

The Yankees on Monday, 28th ult., shelled Guntersville, without notice, as usual, killing one man, a refugee from Nashville, and a woman, the wife of the hotel keeper, and wounding one man, and destroying a portion of the town immediately on the river bank. On Sunday night previous they burnt the little village of Whitenburg, ten miles South of Huntsville. This villiany is supposed to be in revenge for the attacks of the guerillas.

Some Confederate Cavalry crossed the Tennessee, and made a dash on the little town of Athens—twenty-five miles West of Huntsville—and drove the Yankees out, with some loss, but not having force enough to hold it, had to fall back. The The Yankees again took possession, and at once commenced a wholesale and indiscriminate system of pillage. Houses and stores were broken open, and goods and furniture stolen and destroyed. Safes were broken open and large amounts of money stolen, with other villianies such as Yankees can invent.

"Rebels" Attention!

The following decidedly rich Proclamation from Abraham Lincoln, addressed to the "Rebels" of the South, will no doubt receive proper consideration. They will no doubt honor him on the first opportunity by confiscating his mean soul from his contemptible body.

A PROCLAMATION.—In pursuance of the sixth section of the Act of Congress, entitled, "An Act to suppress insurrection, to punish treason and rebellion, to seize and confiscate the property of rebels, and for other purposes," approved July 17, 1862, and which Act and the joint resolution explanatory thereof, are herewith published I, Abraham Lincoln, President of the United States, do hereby proclaim to and warn all persons within the contemplation of said sixth section to cease participating in, aiding, countenancing or abetting the existing rebellion, or any rebellion, against the Government of the United States, and to return to their proper allegiance to the United States, on pain of the forfeitures and seizures as within and by said sixth section provided.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done at the city of Washington, this twenty-fifth day of July, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two, and of the in- [L. S.] dependence of the United States the eighty-seventh.

ABRAHAM LINCOLN.

By the President:

WILLIAM H. SEWARD, Secretary of State.

TWO SERVANTS.

A negro BOY and GIRL will be hired out for the balance of the year.

The Girl is a good cook. For terms, &c., apply to J. F. GUEST or H. L. ALEXANDER.

June 27, 1862—tf

BY TELEGRAPH.

GOVERNORS ELECTION.

From Raleigh.

Johnston,	143
Vance,	794

From Graham.

Vance,	266
Johnston,	25

From Salisbury.

Z. B. Vance,	595
Wm. Johnston,	162

Reports from Knoxville.

KNOXVILLE, August 2.—A gentleman from North Alabama, who arrived here this evening, reports that the Federals have burned Whitesburg, a town ten miles south of Huntsville, and shelled Guntersville, killing the wife of Col. S. K. Ryburn.

W. H. Spence, the banker of Murfreesboro', who betrayed the movements of Morgan and Forrest, has been hung by the citizens of Murfreesboro'.

Deserters from the Federal army at Cumberland Gap report that the Yankee troops there are on quarter rations, and refuse to fight under the Emancipation Act.

From Mobile.

MOBILE, August 4.

A special to the *Advertiser and Register* from Jackson, Miss., August 3d, says passengers from Memphis report that an *emeute* had broken out between the Yankees and negroes working on the fortifications. The Yankees shot a number of negroes.

Northern and Western News.

CAIRO, July 26.

The steamer *Sensen*, on the Tennessee river, brings news of a rebel raid at Florence, Alabama, on Tuesday. The Confederates entered the city and burned the warehouses filled with Yankee commissary and quartermaster's stores, and all the cotton in the vicinity. They seized the Yankee steamer *Colona*, used for conveying army supplies over the shoals, took all the money belonging to the boat, and passengers, and burnt the boat. The property destroyed is reported to have been immensely valuable.

A small detachment of Mitchell's army were captured. The Rebels then proceeded down the Tennessee river to Chickasaw, Waterloo, and the vicinity of Eastport, and burned all the warehouses containing cotton.

Another band of forty rebels attacked a wagon train near Pittsburg Landing, and captured sixty wagons filled with Government stores.

NEW ALBANY, July 27.

The *Ledger* says the rebels are congregated in considerable numbers at Halvestion, Ky., and that they boldly and defiantly insulted the Union citizens!

Passengers from Henderson say that guerillas have appeared in strong force opposite Mound City, and that it is feared they would attempt to burn the Union gunboats building there.

NASHVILLE, July 27.

The Tenth Ohio Regiment, guarding the Memphis and Charleston railroad between Decatur and Courtland, were attacked yesterday by a large force of guerillas. Thirteen or fourteen of the regiment were killed and the railroad considerably damaged.

A large rebel force is reported near Tuscumbia. Forrest is reported to be at Carthage, with the object of making a descent on the Louisville and State Road.

NEW YORK, July 26.

The Federal losses in the Western Department, by official count, since the war commenced, are given in the New York Tribune at 65,300.

From Baton Rouge.

MOBILE, Aug. 6.

The *Advertiser* has the following Dispatch dated Jackson the 6th.

"I am permitted by Gen. Van Dorn to send you the following:—One and a half mile from Baton Rouge, Aug. 5.

TO GEN. VAN DORN:

Receiving dispatches that the *Arkansas* would co-operate, I attacked Baton Rouge this morning at daylight with less than 3000 men, and after a struggle of five hours we drove the enemy from all points to the Arsenal and tower, and to the cover of his gunboats, taking a number of prisoners, several flags and considerable quantities of property. But, my diminished and exhausted forces could not take the Arsenal.

The troops were almost perishing for water and I withdrew them one and a half miles from the city but hope to resume the attack in half an hour.

I think our loss has been as heavy as that of the enemy. General Clark is mortally wounded. Col. Hunt, of the 5th Kentucky; Col. Thompson, of the 3d Kentucky; Col. Allen, of the 4th Louisiana, and others, are severely wounded.

The effective force of the enemy exclusive of their Gun and Mortar Boats, is reported to be 5000 strong.

(Signed.) J. C. BRECKINRIDGE, Maj. Gen'l. Com'dg.

NOTE.—It seems that the *Arkansas* did not arrive in time to take part with our land forces, as was intended, although she passed Bayousara, which is about 30 miles above Baton Rouge, at 12 o'clock on Monday night.

Four gunboats and the Ram *Essex*, are at Baton Rouge.

Orders have been received here to prepare for 400 wounded.

Gen. Van Dorn has removed his Head-Quarters to this place.

Another Skirmish.

MOBILE, Aug. 7.

A special dispatch to the Mobile *Advertiser & Register*, dated Knoxville, August 6th, say that heavy skirmishing commenced on Tuesday with a large portion of the enemy, at Tazwell, seven miles from Cumberland Gap.

One brigade of Gen. Stevenson's force was engaged on our side. The desire was to gain the enemy's rear, and thus cut them off from the Gap. The art illery firing was very heavy.

Severa l prisoners have been brought in from Tazwell.

No particulars of the fight have, as yet, been received.

Gen. Raines, at the latest accounts, was making a forward march to gain the enemy's rear.

Brigadier General W. R. Caswell was this afternoon assassinated by some unknown person, near his residence, six miles from Knoxville.

Important from Tennessee.

ANOTHER VICTORY.

THE FEDERAL ARMY CAPTURED.

MOBILE, Aug. 7.

The special dispatch to the *Advertiser & Register*, from Knoxville 7th, says: A dispatch was received this morning from Brigadier Gen. Stevenson, which states that after a gallant action, of four hours, yesterday, near Tazwell, the enemy was repulsed with great slaughter, and is in full retreat.

A courier reports that a battery of four guns was taken after being twice repulsed with a loss of 109 men.

Gen. Burton has succeeded in gaining the enemys rear and being reinforced by Gen. Stevenson's brigade flanked Bowens' command, capturing the Federal army of East Tennessee.

The murderer of Gen. Caswell was arrested last night.

Letters from Staunton, Va., says late Washington papers state that Seward had resigned to escape the effects of intervention, but was induced to reconsider his action.

Feeling at the North is entirely depressed and anti-war meetings are being held.

Deserter News.

Chattanooga, August 1,

Nothing of innerest has transpired here to-day.

The deserters from Buells army, who arrived here to-day, says that Buell has McCook, and that Crittenden's Weods, and Rousseans divisions, about thirty-five thousand strong, are at stevenson and Briagport. They also say that there are plenty of provisions at stevenson's, but half rations are being allowed at Briagport, and that Buell is indivdually at Washington or Huntsville. They are fortifying stevenson and tearing all the houses down.

NOTICE.

Stolen from the front of my medical office, hitched to a tree, my bay mare, about seven years old, one hind leg swollen. She was of the Morgan stock. She had on my saddle and bridle at the time she was taken away.

Any person returning said mare with the bridle and saddle or giving me such information that I may get her, I will give a liberal reward, sufficient to justify the person for said mare or the information. G. W. CALDWELL.

Nearly opposite the Post Office.

Aug. 8—3t.

J. G. WILKINSON & CO.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

FINE WATCHES, JEWELRY, SILVER AND Plated Ware.

CHARLOTTE, N. C.

L. T. LEVIN,

Commission Merchant,

SELLS ALL KINDS OF COUNTRY PRODUCE.

COLUMBIA, S. C.

March 14, 1862 1y

CHARLOTTE DRUG STORE.

E. NYE HUTCHISON & Co

RETAIL DEALERS IN FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRUGS, Medicines, Chemicals, Perfumery, Fancy Articles, Oils, Paints, Varnishes, Window Glass, Putty, Dye Stuffs, Turpentine, Burning Fluid, Alcohol, Pure Liquors, Caston Teas, Field and Garden Seeds, &c., &c.

Having closed our books, we intend to sell hereafter for cash. [May 4, 1861-tf

H. L. ALEXANDER,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law

CHARLOTTE, N. C.

☞ Office in BULLETIN BUILDING.

feb 4-tf

WILLIAMS & OATES,

TRADE STREET,

Cotton Buyers, Grocers & Produce Dealers,

Agents for Kob'lewell's Manipulated Guano and Lorie's Lumber.

ALL ORDERS PROMPTLY FILLED.

may 17-tf

THOMAS W. RADCLIFFE,

AT THE

SIGN OF THE DRUM,

RICHARDSON STREET,

THE NORTH-EAST CORNER OF RICHARDSON AND PLAIN STREETS,

NO. 166,

COLUMBIA, S. C

Importer and Dealer in Wines

WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY, SILVER WARE,

GUNS, MILITARY & FANCY GOODS.

☞ WATCHES and JEWELRY repaired by skilful and experienced Workmen. All kinds of HAIR-WORK made to order.

oct. 27, 1860-tf.

Charlotte Foundry And Machine Shop.

HAVING purchased from C. A. Tew the above establishment, the undersigned begs leave to call the attention of the public to the fact that he is now ready to fill every order for making Steam Engines, Cotton and Tobacco Presses and every description of Machinery. All kinds of Castings in Iron, Brass and other metals made at short notice and reasonable prices. Particular attention given to the making and repairing of Threshing Machines, Horse Powers, Cotton Gins, Mill Work and Agricultural Work of all kinds. Turning, Screwing, Job, Wagon Work, and House Smithing done with dispatch. Old Iron, Brass and Copper Castings bought at the Foundry or taken in exchange for job work. All kinds of Wood Turning also done.

dec 26-tf JOHN M. HOWIE.

Family Flour for Sale.

AT the Charlotte Flouring Mills can be had Family, Superfine and fine FLOUR, SECONDS, SHORTS and BRAN.

Also, MEAL and GRIST.

aug 1, 1860-1y JOHN WILKES, Charlotte Flour Mills.

Save Your Ashes.

THE Charlotte Chemical & M. Co., will pay 12½ cents per bushel for good clean

ASHES.

All persons having any to sell, will please give notice at the Drug Store of E. Nye Hutchinson & Co.

CHARLOTTE C. & M. Co.

Feb 28—tf

STENHOUSE & MACAULAY,

Commission Merchants,

At their Old Stand, Trade Street.

Keep constantly on hand a well selected Stock of Family Groceries.

All orders for Flour, Corn, Bacon, &c., promptly and carefully filled.

Factories supplied with Cotton, on commission of 50 cents per bale.

J. E. STENHOUSE,

ALLEN MACAULAY.

Charlotte, N. C., May 3, 1862—1y

Removal.

THE subscriber begs to inform the public that he has removed his Shop to No 4 *GRANITE ROW*, where he is prepared with a full stock of

GOODS FOR MENS WEAR,

To supply all who may favor him with a call.

Having secured the services of one of the best Cutters in the South, he feels satisfied that he can please the most fastidious.

Oct. 9-tf J. S. PHILLIPS.

INK MANUFACTORY.

THE Subscriber has commenced the manufacture of a beautiful

BLACK WRITING INK.

It is made from an English recipe, and is remarkable for its brilliancy of color and freedom from all sediments or drugs.

Orders from dealers will be filled with promptness, and at as moderate prices as they have been purchasing for from Northern manufacturers.

Orders solicited, and samples sent wherever requested. Address W. B. JOHNSTON,

aug 20-tf Columbia, S. C.

Wheat and Corn Wanted.

THE planting community will take notice that their WHEAT and Corn Crops will be purchased at the Charlotte Steam Flouring Mill, at market prices. Those having Wheat and Corn for sale may find it to their advantage to call at the Mill before closing a sale.

JOHN WILKES & CO

aug 1, 1860-1y Charlotte Flour Mill

PALMETTO.

IRON WORKS.

ESTABLISHED, A. D. MDCCCLI.

WILLIAM GLAZE,

MANUFACTURER OF STEAM ENGINES, from 10 to 90 Horse Power; SUGAR MILLS of every style now in use, Mill Work of every discription. Also, Iron Railing, with every discription of Iron and Brass Castings.

I would call attention to Iron Casting in the way of enclosing Public Buildings, Dwellings, Cast Steps, Balestro Railing, and all kind of enclosures for Cemetary lots.

Having a first rate Boiler maker with us, we are prepared to manufacture Boilers, or repair them, at short notice. Will send boiler maker to any part of the State. Our Steam Engines will be found, when compared with those made at Northern establishments, to be from twenty-five to forty per cent larger for the same horse power.

These Works have been in successful operation for several years, with an increase of patronage from all parts of the Southern country, for which the Proprietor returns his thanks to his numerous friends and patrons, and begs to assure them that no pains or expense will be spared to merit a continuance of their favors.

may 17-tf

A CARD TO THE PUBLIC,

THE NEWBERN

Daily and Weekly Progress,

IT IS ALREADY KNOWN TO THE PUBLIC that the unceremonious entrance of Burnside into Newbern on Friday last has compelled the temporary suspension of the PROGRESS. This was a barbarous and villanious proceeding of old Burnside, inasmuch as it has deprived the public of the advantages of a good paper, besides the inconvenience to the citizens of Newbern.

By the discomfiture of our arms at Newbern, I have lost everything I had in the world—presses, type, and stock and other office material and furniture and other property of all kinds, is all gone—but still I hope to be able to make arrangements at an early day to issue the PROGRESS at some point not very remote from the old stand; this will depend however upon the extent to which Burnside is able to penetrate the bowels of the land.

Having lost all I have, I must urge all who are indebted to the PROGRESS office to make immediate settlement. Though in the army my address will be for the present, Goldsboro, N. C.

☞ Papers in the State that receive the PROGRESS in exchange will please copy or notice this card.

J. L. PENNINGTON.

Goldsboro, March 17, 1862.

PROSPECTUS OF THE HILLSBOROUGH RECORDER,

PUBLISHED BY

DENNIS HEARTT.

HILLSBOROUGH, N. C.

WITH the present volume the RECORDER commenced the fortieth year of its existence, the first number having been issued the 10th of February, 1820; during all which time we have labored to make our paper interesting and useful, and we hope that in these particulars we have not failed. It has been our wish to make the RECORDER a good Family Paper, devoted to Politics, Agriculture, Miscellany, General News, &c., with a view to the entertainment and improvement of the farmers and citizens of the circle in which it is distributed. Our Agricultural department we endeavor to fill with the best selections we can make from all sources, giving preference to such as will be of practical use to the farmer and cultivator; and in this particular we hope to make the RECORDER as valuable to the agriculturist as any periodical of purely agricultural character. In our Miscellaneous department, we shall confine to be, as we have always been, careful to select such articles as will have a tendency not only to amuse, but to improve the mind and heart. While we shall be thankful to receive well-written communications for our columns, we are not as ambitious of originality as not to prefer selected matter of superior merit to the poor, pointless and ill-digested articles, though ornamented as the toy with the severest wordpainting, written expressly for the RECORDER. In our News department we shall take especial pains to present to our readers the latest intelligence; and to enable us to do so we have facilities equal to those enjoyed in any portion of the State, except those favored with telegraphic communication.

A single copy, one year.....$2 00

Six copies, one year.....10 00

Ten copies, one year.....15 00

Payment always in advance.

Any of our old patrons who will obtain five subscribers and forward us the cash, shall receive their own paper free of charge.

July 18.

SWORD, SASH AND BELT.

A handsome Silver Case Sword, for Captain or Commissioned Officers, with a red Silk Sash and Belt. For sale by

KAHNWEILER & BROS.

Feb. 15, 1862—tf

COTTON CARDS.

Run the Blockade four dozen best quality Whittemore No 8, 9, 10. Cotton Cards for Sale at

KAHNWEILER & BROS.

June 7, '62—tf.

PEA NUT OIL! PEA NUT OIL!

Few more barrels extra quality PEA NUT OIL just received and for sale by

KAHNWEILER & BROS.

June 23, '62—tf.

SOUPERNONG WINE.

Superior articles of Soupernong WINE, in bottles for family use. For sale at

KAHNWEILER & BROS.

Jan. 25, 1862—tf

COTTON LACES, &c.

We are selling off our splendid stock of Needle Work, comprising Sleeves and Collars, French and English worked Bands, Edging and Inserting, Thread, Linen and Cotton Laces, at usual, low prices.

Selling very fast at

KAHNWEILER & BROS.

Jan. 25, 1862—tf

Particular Attention

A LL persons will do us a great favor by calling and settling their accounts and notes.

Our terms are strictly cash.

KAHNWEILER & BROS.

Aug. 11, 1861—

SHOES, SHOES, SHOES.

Received a fine assortment of woman Leather Shoes; sizes 3 to 8, selling very fast at $1.00 a pair. Fine Kid Morocco Boots, sizes 3 to 8.

For sale at KAHNWEILER & BROS.

March 12, 1862—tf

MILITARY BUTTONS, &c.

Received per Steamer Isabel, Gold Epaulets for Commissioned Officers, Military Buttons, Gold Lace, Pistols, &c.

Call soon at

KAHNWEILER & BROS.

Jan. 25, 1862—tf

CONFEDERATE REGULATIONS

Gold Stars, Gold Gimp for Pants, Gold Lace for Sleeves and Collars, Military Buttons, just received per express. For sale at

KAHNWEILER & BROS.

April 30, 1862—tf

HURRAH FOR THE CAMPS.

Just received this morning, from the blockade, Fine Tooth Combs, all sizes; also English Dressing Combs.

For sale at

KAHNWEILER & BROS.

April 30, 1862—tf

WRITING PAPER, &c.,

Confederate Writing Paper and Envelopes with Military Motto, Fine Letter Paper, Steel Pens and Holders.

For sale at

KAHNWEILER & BROS.

April 30, 1862—tf

PRINTERS' INK MANUFACTURED BY

B. A. RANDALL & CO.,

MARIETTA, GEORGIA.

BOOK, NEWS AND COLORED INKS,

Of an excellent quality, and warranted equal to the best Northern make.

BOOK INK at 50 cents to $4 per lb., in cans of 1 to 10 pounds.

NEWS INK, (fine) at 30 cents per lb., for all orders of 100 pounds and upwards.

NEWS INK, (very fine) at 40 cents per lb., in kegs of 25 and 50 pounds.

COLORED INKS at $1 to $8 per lb., in half pound and pound cans.

☞ Every paper inserting this advertisement for one month and sending us a copy of their paper, will receive pay for the same upon purchasing three times the amount of their bill from us.

mch 22 '62-1m. A. B. R. & CO.

KOOPMAN'S

Anti-Dyspeptic & Anti-Dyspeptic

BITTERS.

PREPARED BY B. KOOPMAN.

CHARLOTTE, N. C.

THESE unrivalled Bitters possess peculiar curative properties in all Affections of the Bowels. They will be found effectual in the cure of Dysentery, Diarrhœa, Dyspepsia, Sour Stomach and all those painful and troublesome diseases arising from a derangement of the digestive organs and irregular action of the functions of the stomach and intestines. They will also be found a SAFE REMEDY FOR CHILLS AND FEVERS.

These Bitters are prepared from Roots brought from Germany, and for over a century have been found effectual in that country for the permanent cure of the diseases enumerated above. They contain no deleterious drug, but are compounded entirely from roots, and are perfectly safe at all times.

A simple trial is all that is asked, as a cure will naturally follow, and that is the best certificate of their superiority over every other remedy for those particular diseases.

They are manufactured by B. Koopman, Charlotte, N. C., and for sale by

KOOPMAN & PERRY.

Also, for sale at F. Scarr's and E. Nye Hutchison & Co's Drug Stores. [Jan 25-1y

Book and Job Printing

OF EVERY CLASS AND STYLE,

Neatly Executed at this office.

HAVING procured a large amount of excellent material, and added to this establishment suitable fast PRESSES, we take this opportunity to inform our friends and the public that we are fully prepared to execute work of every class, in

PRINTING,

at short notice, and at prices far below those usually paid in this section of country. We are prepared to print in the latest and most approved style,

CARDS,	BILL-HEADS,
INVITATIONS,	CIRCULARS,
NOTES,	CHECKS,
LAW BLANKS,	SHOP-BILLS,
PAMPHLETS,	BOOKS,

and any other style of printing usually called for, for much less than the same class of work can be executed this side of New York.

E. H. BRITTON.

The Edgecombe Farm Journal.

THE subscriber will commence on or about the 1st of September, 1862, the publication of a monthly journal to be devoted to the interests of the planters and rural interests of North Carolina in particular, and of the South generally.

Edgecombe having long since been recognized as the model farming county of North Carolina, we feel that there is now a necessity for some one more justly entitled, to the honors of the position of a first class agricultural paper than Edgecombe. It is to be such.

The publication will be under the supervision of Gen. Bryan Grimes, President of the State Board of Agriculture, and will contain original communications from him and other members of the Board. Also, Reports of the proceedings of the Board, and such other matter as will be generally interesting to the farmers of the State.

It will be printed on good paper, and in clear white paper, in a neat style.

The price of the paper will be placed as low as to place the paper within reach of every one.

TERMS:

One copy one year	$2 00
Seven copies for	10 00
Twelve copies for	15 00
Twenty copies for	25 00

☞ In every instance the CASH must be accompanied by the name of the subscriber, and the name of the Post Office to which the paper is to be sent.

WILLIAM H. BATTLE, Jr.

Tarboro', N. C.

THE FARMER AND PLANTER

IS NOW PUBLISHED AT

GOLDSBORO, N. C.

HAVING purchased of Mai. Gen. Holmes this valuable property, have removed its place of publication to Goldsboro, and will issue hereafter the publication on the 1st and 15th of each month.

The FARMER AND PLANTER is devoted to the interests of the Farmers and Planters of the State and adjoining States, and it will be our endeavor to make it a welcome visitor to every family. We have determined to publish it at the low price of fifty cents per annum, and hope that every friend of agriculture will use his influence to extend its circulation.

It will be our constant aim to encourage the production of articles for home consumption, and to render the FARMER AND PLANTER a reliable guide to the farmer in the cultivation of his crops.

Terms of the FARMER AND PLANTER:

Single copy, one year, 50 cents, always in advance.

Five copies, one year, $2 00

Ten copies, one year, 4 00

Twenty copies, one year, 7 00

Fifty copies, one year, 15 00

One hundred copies, one year, 25 00

Address, E. H. BRITTON,

Publisher and Proprietor, Goldsboro, N. C.

THE BULLETIN AND THE CATAWBA JOURNAL.

WE have pleasure in advertising the friends and patrons of the establishment that we commence the publication of the second volume of the above paper, at Newton, this day, under the most favorable auspices. The circulation of the above named paper is already extensive, and its influence as an advertising medium is duly appreciated by it numerous patrons. Circulation, as well as the patronage of the CATAWBA JOURNAL, has not only increased in the county of Catawba, but in adjoining counties, as those from abroad, to build up home interests and a State pride, and to sustain our substands and our enterprise among strangers. Give our Times a trial and then let it stand upon its merits.

WHAT HEARD OF THE TIMES.

"The Times I regard as the very first of our Newspapers."—Rev. J. F. Deems.

"It bears of no Weekly published anywhere, that is so deserving of public patronage as the Times."—Rev. J. B. Edwards.

"There is no pandering to a vitiated taste—every article is of a moral tendency and calculated both to amuse and instruct."—Wilmington Herald

"One of the handsomest weekly papers published in the Union."—Spirit of the Age.

"Let the people of North Carolina encourage their own newspapers."—Raleigh Standard.

Address, COLE & ALBRIGHT, Greensboro, N. C.

PROSPECTUS OF THE CHARLESTON MERCURY

A POLITICAL, COMMERCIAL AND LITERARY NEWSPAPER

PUBLISHED DAILY AND TRI-WEEKLY

THE Mercury gives daily reports of the Markets, and of Marine Intelligence in Charleston, and of Charleston commerce in the leading seaports of the world. The Weekly Price Current is made up with much care, and from the most reliable sources. Its connection with the "Associated Press" insures the latest intelligence by Telegraph and the earliest news by Steamers from Europe. It has an able and accomplished Correspondent in London (a gentleman connected with the editorial staff of the London Times,) and regular Correspondents in New York, Washington, New Orleans and Havana. The monthly New York Fashion Letters and weekly letters on Life in Washington are additional attractions in favor of its 100,000 readers. Its literary notices, from the pen of a gentleman of wide acquirements, are the most elaborate of any paper in the South. Its financial and commercial articles are discriminating and comprehensive.—Attention is paid to all matters of general concern, especially those in reference to the Planting and Agricultural interest, and to the current news of the day. Great care is taken that nothing shall appear in its columns which should be excluded from the family circle.

The political creed of the Mercury consists in the principles of the Democratic Party, as laid down in the Virginia and Kentucky Resolutions of 1798 and 1799—the Sovereignty of the States; a strict construction of the Federal Constitution by the General Government, the equality of the States; Free Trade, and economy in the administration of the Government. Its policy is the Union of the Southern States in maintaining their rights.

TERMS Payable in Advance.

DAILY, per annum	$10.00
TRI-WEEKLY	5.00

Clubs will be Furnished as follows

Five Copies of the DAILY for	$40.00
Five Copies of the TRI-WEEKLY	20.00

The names of no persons out of Charleston will be entered on our books, unless the payment of the subscription be made in advance. Nor will orders for the paper, with changes in Advertisements, Marriage Notices, or Obituaries, be attended to, unless the cash, or an acceptable City reference, accompany the order. Money may always be forwarded at our risk in registered letters.

Postmasters are authorized to act as our Agents in obtaining subscribers and forwarding the money; and by sending us Five DAILY subscribers, with $40 enclosed, or Five TRI-WEEKLY subscribers, with $20 enclosed, will be entitled to an extra copy; or if preferred, they may retain Twenty per cent. of the pre-payments, for their trouble and in lieu of the extra paper.

Post Masters in South Carolina, no person whatever is authorized to collect debts already due to the proprietors.

In the State Mr. SAMUEL E. BURGESS is our regular Agent to make collections and procure new business and subscriptions.

In Charleston, Mr. JAMES D. BURNS, connected with the office, is our regular authorized collector who has full power to receipt for money now due the paper and to contract for future business.

Subscribers and others, in debt to us, are urgently requested to send in our dues by mail at the earliest period. By so doing they will save us nearly per cent. an amount equivalent to a principal portion of the profits.

Our friends in the State, and throughout the South, who receive the TRI-WEEKLY for their clubs, are respectfully requested to compensate us for the same in value by inserting this prospectus in their papers.

E. H. BRITTON, Jr.

Charleston, S. C.

THE BULLETIN:

BY EDWARD H. BRITTON.

TERMS FOR PAPER:

DAILY BULLETIN, (per annum,) $6.00.
TRI-WEEKLY BULLETIN, (per annum,) $4.00.
CATAWBA JOURNAL, (per annum) $1.00.

[COMMUNICATED.]

The Hon. C. G. Memminger—Secretary of the Treasury.

The Legislative body will meet soon, but you know what a corrupted place Richmond is for rowdies, gamblers, drunkards, office beggars, street girls and all sorts of vicious characters. I have been there, and I am perfectly acquainted with the holes of Richmond. Among such apostles nothing good can be done. Richmond is exactly Washington in miniature; a place of vice and crime. For the good of the Confederacy I would suggest, respectfully, the convenience of meeting the Legislative body at some other place in the interior of North Carolina, where Legislative members might be more free from the putrid miasms of office beggars and political loafers. The pimps of Lincoln at Richmond are numerous; I was there during the last session; I watched carefully men and things, and I can say boldly without fear and without reproach, that Richmond is a kind of *Five Points* on a large scale. The Yankees have beqneathed an horrible education to the South, and Richmond, to my nose, *stinks Yankee.*

There are many small villages in North Carolina where the Legislative body can meet in daily communication with the Executive, free from the contagious pestilence of the fashionable of Richmond. If my suggestion would be accepted then of course *all bad characters* who are the nuisance of Richmond should be excluded to penetrate into the place where the Legislative body assembled.

There are many domestic traitors at Richmond paid handsomely by Lincoln, who has a powerful influence in the high circles of fashionable society; they are dangerous to the Confederacy. You know that I am telling great truths. During my interview of two hours, with Count Mercier, he made some remarks about the visit of Benjamin, which I have kept secret, but again I regret, and I am very sorry the Secretary of State assured the Minister of the Emperor that "the South can fight their own battle alone, without the intervention of foreigners." Well said Count Mercier, if that is so, *the Confederacy has no need of France.*" It is a great pity that such a man as Benjamin, was sent to Count Mercier. The best statesman in the South are not in the favors of the Government; and it has been Providence who sent General Jackson to Richmond to save the Confederacy from the tomb.

Finaly, I would designate Charlotte in North Cirolina, as the most suitable place for the meeting of the Legislative body; there are many substantial reasons to give preference to Charlotte, here in the military College or at the Court House, the Senate and the House of Representatives could meet there very comfortably. I visited Columbia lately, it is full of refugees from Charleston, and is a place too much exposed to the enemy. But I have not finished yet. At present we have thousands of invalids, brave men who have lost limbs on the battle field. It is time for you sir, to establish a *Hospital of Invalids* under the same plan as that of Paris in France, made by the first Napoleon.

Although you don't know me personally you have read my printed letter to President Davis, my war lecture, and my plan of war dedicated to the warrior's of the South, thus I hope I am not a stranger to you.

Respectfully, sir,

DR. R. V. LEMOINE.

Yankee Rule in New Orleans.

The Vicksburg correspondent of the Chicago *Tribune*, after reading a file of New Orleans papers, draws a sorry picture of the present condition of affairs in the Crescent City, produced by Butler's rule. He says:

New Orleans papers received by the Empire Parish represent matters in the city to be in a very discouraging condition. Trade, there is none; merchants are doing nothing but the smallest retail business; in the mechanical trades, and the professions, there is nothing to do. The mechanics are all idle, and living upon their former savings; attorneys are without business, preachers are without congregations, and even the physicians, when they serve at all, get but little pay. Food of any kind is extremely scarce; flour cac hardly be obtained at thirty dollars per barrel, and there are hundreds of families who have always been considered well-to-do in the world, who have always lived in ease and plenty, who now have not tasted wheat bread for weeks; those citizens who are yet rich are doing nothing to relieve the distress of the poor, and the only relief they have received has been from the officers of our army, who have employed several thousands of them in cleaning the streets of the city; the pay received for this has enabled many of them to live, who would otherwise have starved to death.

The business quarter of the city is utterly deserted and silent, and in Magazine, Poydras, Tchoupitoulas and Levee streets the grass is springing up abundantly. The levee and wharves present a spectacle of ruin unparalleled on this continent. When the rebels set fire to the shipping in front of the city on the approach of our fleet from below, it destroyed not only the sixty or seventy vessels lying at the wharves, but all of the wooden portion of the wide levee, and the spot that once was filled with the cargos of steamboats from all the Northern rivers, and ships from all parts of the world, is now nothing but heaps of ashes, half submerged in the Mississippi.

Governor Brown has issued a proclamation directing, in accordance with a request of the Secretary of War, all Sheriffs, Constables, and Jailors in that State to be vigilant in detecting and arresting all deserters from the Confederate army. He also advises that public opinion should be exercised against the practice of deserting.

CHARLOTTE.

Saturday Morning, Aug. 9, 1862.

The Election in Charlotte.

The election held in this city yesterday passed off unprecedentedly quiet. The liquor shops—the source of all evil—being closed, drunkenness and rowdyism was not witnessed. So mote it ever be. The following is the result of the voting.

FOR GOVERNOR:

Wm. Johnston,	532
Z. B. Vance,	106

FOR SENATE:

Dr. H. M. Pritchard,	234
Gen. J. A. Young,	191
J. H. Wilson,	77
B. W. Alexander,	46

FOR COMMONS:

J. L. Brown,	454
E. C. Grier,	419
Dr. J. B. Alexander,	46
R. L. DeArmon,	66

FOR SHERIFF:

A. J. Hood,	291
R. M. White,	260

Mint's Box.

FOR GOVERNOR.

Wm. Johnston,	95
Z. B. Vance,	2
For Senate.—J. A. Young,	32
J. H. Wilson,	42
B. W. Alexander,	4
H. M. Pritchard,	3
For Commons.—J. L. Brown,	78
E. C. Grier,	21
R. L. DeArmon,	63
J. B. Alexander,	
For Sheriff.—A. G. Hood,	64
R. M. White,	29

The Fight with the Arkansas.

A dispatch from Memphis to the Chicago *Times* says that Captain Gwin, of the gunboat *Tyler*, reports 8 killed and 16 wounded on his boat during the late engagement with the *Arkansas*. It adds:

He accuses Lieut. Hunter, commanding the Queen of the West, with behaving in a most cowardly manner, having made no effort whatever to bring his vessel into action. The officers of the Lancaster say the Queen of the West was the first boat that discovered the Arkansas, and ran for protection to the fleet without firing a gun, and in disobedience to signals to come to the aid of the Carondelet, while the latter was engaged at close quarters with the Arkansas.

Movements in Tennessee.

A Cincinnati paper says:

From Cairo we learn that the Federal troops stationed at Bolivar, Tennessee, had a skirmish with the Confederates on Sunday last, but although this fact was known, no particulars in regard to the affair had been received. The same telegram also reports that the Federal troops have evacuated Grand Junction, Tennessee, that place being now in possession of the Confederates, who also occupy, it is said, "almost all that portion of the Memphis and Charleston Railroad which lies between Memphis and Corinth." A special telegram to the Chicago Times announces that the Confederates have entered the town of Humboldt, Tennessee, and now hold the Mobile and Ohio Railroad to that place.—They have torn up the track for some ten or twelve miles.

HONOR TO THE BRAVE.—Upon the receipt of Lieut. Brown's telegram announcing the action between the sloop-of-war Arkansas, under his command, and the enemy's fleet before Vicksburg, Secretary Mallory replied by saying:

I am requested by the President to express, in behalf of the country whose cause you have nobly sustained, his thanks to yourself, your officers and crew.

For gallant and meritorious conduct, you are promoted and made a Commander for the war.

The Secretary has since communicated a letter to Commander Brown the substance of which is as follows:

A grateful country, while deploring the loss of the gallant dead who fell upon this memorable occasion, will place their names upon the roll of her heroes, and cherish them with respect and affection.

You will please furnish the Department with a perfect list of your officers and crew, in order that their names may become known to the country and the service which they have so signally served.

ARRIVAL OF EXCHANGED PRISONERS.—The streets were thronged yesterday, by Confederate soldiers who had been released from Northern prisons and sent back to "Dixie." Among those who reached the city yesterday are Gens. Buckner, Tilghman, Mackall and Pettigru, Comm. Barron and Lt. Beverly Kennon. They were all landed at Varina, on James river, some fifteen miles below the city, and no provision being made for their conveyance hither, they had to walk here beneath a hot sun, many of them carrying heavy knap sacks, carpet-bags or bundles.

We learn that at least one or two Yankee soldiers, who were guarding the prisoners at Fort Delaware, disguised themselves, and accompanied the boys on their return, having determined, as they said, to cast their fortunes with with the South. It has been suggested that the Yankees may have smuggled some of their spies along with the returned prisoners. A sharp look out should be kept for them.—*Richmond Whig.*

A USE FOR DOGS.—The city authorities of Petersburg, Va., have dog catchers employed in killing all the stray dogs about that city. Their corpses are converted into saltpetre in the nitre beds in the neighborhood, and then into gunpowder. Soldiers using this powder are said to make a peculiarly dogged resistance.

ARRESTED.—Gen. Charles C. Egerton, of Baltimore, has been arrested and sent to Fort McHenry. The charges against him did not transpire. James Monroe and John A. Brown were arrested in Baltimore last week on the charge of treason in having cheered for Jeff. Davis.

A PROSPECTUS is issued of a Paris permanent Universal Exhibition, which is to be held in a building much larger than the present international building at Brompton and will be opened in 1863. (Just in time for Miss Dixie to appear among her sisters with flying colors.) The grand central dome is to be 345 *feet in height!*

Some negroes belonging to Hon. W. L. Yancey, of Montgomery, Ala., presented a lot of watermelons, recently, to a company of Partisan Rangers, commanded by a son of Mr. Yancey. The watermelons, valued at the prices asked for them in Montgomery, were worth $60! A valuable and appreciated present, surely.

THE ARSENAL AT FAYETTEVILLE.—The Wilmington *Journal* learns that the Confederate Arsenal and Armory at Fayetteville may now be said to be in full blast; at least there is nothing belonging to the Minnie rifle and sabre bayonet that cannot be manufactured there. A good deal of machinery and many of the tools are new, manufactured on the spot, and equal to any in the world. A few days since, a large lot of rifles, manufactured at the Armory, was sent to the Chief of Ordnance, Richmond, Va.

Besides making new and altering old arms, the force at the Armory has been engaged lately in restoring and putting in order several thousand Enfield and Belgian rifles, swords, sabres and bayonets, and also several boxes of pistols received from the Modern Greece, considerably damaged. They will soon be restored to their original appearance and condition by the industry and skill of the mechanics engaged.

THE YANKEES HAVE MALVERN HILL.—The insufficiency of our outpost troops was demonstrated Tuesday, at Malvern Hill. We had stationed there but the portion of a regiment and one battery (Stribling's) to guard the hill. The Yankees advanced in superior force, and a skirmish ensued, our men keeping their ground until almost surrounded, when they fell back leaving the hill to the enemy. Our loss was one man killed, two wounded, and six missing. Gen. Toombs had command of the brigade to which the troops engaged in this affair were attached. The Yankees will doubtless rejoice hugely at the re-occupation of Malvern Hill, and Curl's Neck. The country in this locality is some of the richest in Virginia, and the enemy have probably been attracted as much by the broad acres of grain and grass which abound on every side, as by a desire to re-occupy again the scene of their former exploits. We are informed that there is forage enough upon the surrounding pastures to subsist the animals in the Yankee army for at least two months. It is a gratifying fact, however, that within the last ten days, there have been removed from Curl's Neck twelve thousand bushels of shelled wheat, and over half a million pounds of long forage.

The labor of removing this valuable property was performed by Major S. P. Mitchell, the Chief Quartermaster of Gen. Longstreet's *corps d' armee*, and it is not less creditable to him that the entire work was accomplished under the guns of two Yankee steamers, and frequently under their fire.

What steps will be taken for the dislodgment of the Yankees, we leave the future to demonstrate.—*Richmond Whig.*

THE ENEMY IN PRINCE GEORGE.—There were various rumors from Prince George yesterday. Early in the day we were assured that the enemy were advancing. Subsequent information contradicted the rumors of an advance movement, and the latest heard from that section, which is believed to be reliable, states positively that the enemy's pickets were driven in yesterday at several points, and that the main body of his forces retired some five or six miles. The opinion still prevails with many of our officers, that the recent demonstration of the enemy is not intended as an advance on Petersburg, but a reconnoissance in force, while at the same time they cover operations on the immediate south bank of James river. They are known to be entrenching at Coggin's Point and at Maycock's, and have been since last Sunday.

Mr. George N. Hatch, a prominent citizen of Prince George, was taken in custody on Tuesday, at his residence near Garysville, because he would not give aid to the enemy. They desired him to pilot them to the rear of Disputanta, a station on the Norfolk and Petersburg Railroad. They hoped to capture the train which has been running recently to Wakefield in the county of Sussex. Mr. Hatch indignantly and perremptorily refused to aid the Yankees in any way whatever, and was immediately taken a prisoner. The invaders gave as a reason for restraining Mr. Hatch's liberty, that he was disloyal to Old Abe. This charge Mr. Hatch proudly confesses, and says he will linger the remainder of his life in Northern dungeons, or swing from a Northern scaffolk, before he will renounce his allegiance to the Southern Confederacy.

Parties in the vicinity of Garysville, Prince George, who know the fellow intimately, say that a negro who has served Captain Edmund Ruffin, Jr., for many years past as carriage driver, was piloting the Yankee forces through the county on Sunday last. He was bestride a fine looking horse, and rode by the side of the Yankee Colonel in command, seeming to feel his importance vastly. We need not add that this black rascal, if capeured, will swing from the limb of a tree, without trial, and without the benefit of clergy.—*Petersburg Express.*

A Yankee Craving for Onions.

A correspondent of the New York *Tribune*, writing from General McClellan's camp, Harrison's Landing, says:

I have seen ten cents paid for a single onion, and but last night a soldier offered the guard of some commissary stores near where I am quartered one dollar for a small loaf of soft bread. And yet those men had plenty in their camps—plenty of salt pork and hard crackers. Scurvy is appearing. Some are dying of it. Others report fit for duty, drill in the morning and parade at night, are not known as sick, and still they have swolen feet or hideous black spots cover their legs. In a word, scurvy in some one of its protean forms is ready to strike them down. Those cases need but one thing. One remedy will cure them. Provide that and they are well men. This panacea is a supply of onions—onions!! Vegetables of all sorts, pickles, soft bread, Graham bread—anything for a change—would answer the same purpose. But onions are the thing. Onions emblem the whole. I am tempted to cry liberty and onions, now and forever, one and inseperable! Send us onions, and you send us vigour, life, victory. Send us onions.

TO GAS CONSUMERS.

The Charlotte Gas Company, in consequence of the exhorbitant advance upon articles used for generating Gas, deems it proper to Advertise consumers that on and after the 1st of September next, ensuing, the price will be $8.00 per thousand feet.

Aug 7 1862-d1m.

Piles, Fistula, Tumors, &c.

Dr. J. A. CLOPTON, of Montgomery, Ala., operates with perfect success for Piles and guarantees perfect satisfaction in every case. He operates with as much success as any operator in America. He may be consulted for four days at the Mansion House, Room No. 11.

aug 7, '62—d4t

VINEGAR & CIDER, CAKES AND BEER, SEGARS, &c., &c., &c.,

At

W. W. WOODEL'S

NEAR THE DEPOT,

CHARLOTTE, N. C.

aug 7, '62—d7t*

CORN MEAL.

A fine lot of superior CORN MEAL in two bushel sacks for sale at the store of HOUSTON & HUNTER.

Aug. 6—3t.

FARMERS TAKE NOTICE.

W. WM. HUDDLESTON desires to purchase POTATOES and ONIONS for the use of the 3d Alabama Regiment. The market price will be paid for such vegitables by him at the Charlotte Steam Mills.

August 4, '62 tf

NOTICE.

The members of the Mecklenburg Rangers are hereby ordered to report at Charlotte on Thursday, August 7th, without further notice.

J. R. ERWIN, Capt.

P. S.—Bring Blanket and Horse.

August 4, 1862 tf

CHARLOTTE FEMALE INSTITUTE.

The Winter Term will begin on Monday, the 1st of September. Terms per session of sixteen weeks as follows:

Board and tuition,	$100,00
Music on Piano or Guitar,	20,00
Use of Instruments for practice,	4,00
Vocal Music,	12,50
Oil Painting,	16,00
Drawing, pencil or crayon,	10,00
French and Latin, each,	10,00
Embroidery on silk or velvet,	4,00
Tution of Day Schollars,	16,00

The Musical department will be under the direction of MISS HAMMARSKOLD.

One half of board and tuition is payable in advance and the remainder at the close of the session, or when the pupil is removed from school. The accounts not paid at the end of the session will be charged interest.

No deduction made for absence unless caused by serious and protracted sickness.

Aug. 4 1862—d1m.

BUCKLES, BUCKLES, BUCKLES.

Buckles, to order, may be obtained at short notice, on application to

J. M. HOWIE,
Charlotte Foundry.

Aug 4, '62—1m*

Partizan Rangers.

Having been authorized by Major Gen. D. H. Hill to accept and place in camp as many Companies as will join me, and desiring to enlarge my Battalion, I invite those Companies who have not attached themselves to other Battalions or Regiments to join me. By virtue of the authority above referred to, I will accept (provided they have the number required by law,) and place them in camp at once.

Address me at Greensboro, N. C.

P. G. EVANS.

August 2, 1862—12t*

ENGLISH PRINTS.

Beautiful assortment of small figured Fancy Prints, Mourning Prints, Black French Merino, Bleached Shirting and Linens. For sale at

KAHNWEILER & BROS.

August 1, 1862—tf

BLANTON DUNCAN,

COLUMBIA, S. C.,

(FORMERLY OF KENTUCKY,)

is prepared to fill orders to any extent in

ENGRAVING & PRINTING

BANK NOTES,

BILLS OF EXCHANGE, &c

Engravings upon Steel or Stone.

Large supplies of BANK NOTE and other paper will be kept.

july 31, 1862—9t

☞ The Charlotte Whig and the Democrat will advertise the above to the amount of $5 and forward bill to B. D. at Columbia, S. C.

HEADQUARTERS 49TH REGT., N. C. T.,
Camp near Drury's Bluff, Va.,
July 25th, 1862.

GENERAL ORDER, No. —

All officers, non-commissioned officers and soldiers, absent from the 49th Regiment, N. C. Troops, on any pretext whatever, are ordered to report to me at camp by the 7th of August. No certificate of unfitness for service will be received unless the man is confined to his bed or room and is unable to travel, and those in that condition must send a certificate every week.

The names of those who do not strictly comply with the above order, will be published as DESERTERS, and a reward of—lored for their apprehension and delivery to the commandant of either of the Camps of Instruction for the Conscripts of North Carolina.

LEE M. McAFEE,
Lt. Col. Com. 49th Regt., N. C. T.

july 29, 1862—4t

☞ The Mountain Eagle, Western Enterprise, Iredell Express, Salisbury Watchman, Asheville News and State Journal, copy twice and forward accounts to the undersigned.

L. M. McA.

WANTED,

In large quantities, to be delivered at the Medical Purveying Department, Charlotte, N. C., the Bark from the root and smaller branches of the wild or forest Poplar, Dogwood and Willow, well dried.

A liberal price will be paid for these articles on delivery.

June 28, 1862—d1m d1m

BIBLE SOCIETY.

The agents of the Mecklenburg County Bible Society will be held at Hebron Church near the pump, on Saturday the 9th of August, at 11 o'clock. It is hoped that the officers and members will generally attend.

F. NYE HUTCHISON, Pres't.
M. D. Jouaron, Cor. Sec'y.

July 26, 1862—tf

NOTICE.

Persons wishing to settle their accounts or Notes with FISHER & BURROUGHS can have an opportunity of doing so by calling on J. W. BLAIR, at the Store of A. A. N. M. TAYLOR. Don't delay, we are anxious to get our business settled up.

J. C. BURROUGHS.

July 23-d1m.

READY MADE CLOTHING.

The subscriber is now well supplied at his old stand, Brevards Station, with a large quantity of first quality Summer and Fall Clothing, Shoes, &c., which he offers to the public cheap for cash.

Call and supply yourselves before the stock is exhausted.

WM. RICHARDS,
july 23—2w* Brevards Station.

BLUE MASS, BLUE MASS.

Warranted pure and equal to any imported.

I am now manufacturing Blue Mass in large quantities by machinery, and can fill orders for any quantity.

It can be sent by express to almost any place in the Confederacy.

Orders solicited.

Orders can also be sent to Kent, Paine & Co., Richmond Va.

R. B. SAUNDERS,
Chapel Hill, N. C.

July 23, 1862—3taw1m

WANTED.

Thirty hands to work on Hospital Bedding; wages per day for 1st class $1.50; 2nd class $1.25; 3d class $1.00, and 4th class 75 cents. None but persons of good cearacter need apply.

M. HOWARD,
Surgeon and Med. Purveyor,
Charlotte, N. C.

N. C. Military Institute, July 20—d1w

TOBACCO FOR SALE.

The subscriber has on hand about forty or fifty thousand pounds of TOBACCO in leaf, two and three years old, which he offers for sale.

C. L. TORRENCE.

Charlotte, July 15, '62—d1m

WANTED,

BOTTLES AND VIALS.

The Medical Purveyor at Charlotte, N. C., will pay the following prices for clean Bottles and Vials, viz:

Quart Champagne Bottles,	$1.25	per doz.
Pint " "	75	" "
Quart Wine (Claret) "	1.00	" "
Pint " "	70	" "
Quart Castor Oil "	75	" "
Porter "	75	" "
8 oz. Vials,	75	" "
6 and 4 oz. Vials,	60	" "
1 and 2 oz. "	50	" "

to be delivered in any quantity at the N. C. Military Institute, or to Drs. Duffy and Arendell, Medical Purveyor's Agents, who will visit the various towns in the State.

This call is rendered necessary from the fact that there are no glass factories in the Southern Confederacy. Persons having Bottles and Vials will confer a great benefit upon the sick and wounded soldiers by collecting all that they may have as speedily as possible.

M. HOWARD,
Surgeon and Medical Purveyor,
Charlotte, N. C.

July 14, 1862—d1m w1m

RECEIVER'S SALE OF NEGROES.

On Tuesday the 29th inst., at 11 o'clock, A. M., at the Market House, in the town of Wilmington, I will expose to public sale at Auction for cash, thirteen likely NEGROES, including men, women and children. Said negroes are the property of alien enemies, and are sold under a decree of the Confederate Court.

DuBRUTZ CUTLAR,
july 14—13t Receiver, &c.

NOTICE.

Surgical Instruments are much demanded by the necessities of the service, and a liberal price will be paid for them at this Depot,

EDWARD WARREN,
Surg. and Medical Purveyor.

Goldsboro', N. C., July 14, '62 d1m.

COW FEED.

Oil Cakes in large quantities at St. Catharine Mills for sale.

July 11, '62—2 m.

PIEDMONT SPRINGS.

This delightful watering place now open for the reception of visitors, is located in Burke county, N. C., sixteen miles from Morganton. It offers a quiet home to families and persons in pursuit of health and recreation. There are on the premises, two excellent springs, one sulphur, the other chalybeate, highly recommended by immenent physicians for their medicinal qualities. They are situated in a beautiful valley, surrounded by mountains, on a stream of crystial clearness and purity. Table rock and Linville Falls are within easy reach of the Springs, and on every hand the scenery is grand and imposing. The mountains abound with game.

The present owners of the property are actively engaged in improvements that will add greatly to the attentions and comfort of the the Springs as a place of resort for persons in pursuit of health or pleasure.

The table will at all times be supplied with the best that the country affords.

A Hack will leave Morganton daily on the arrival of the mail from Salisbury.

Terms—Board per month, $30.00

For further information address

John W. McELRATH Proprietor.

July 10 1862-d1m

WANTED A SITUATION AS TEACHER.

The subscribor, (a parolled prisoner) who is a graduate of Hampden Sidney College Va., and has had one years experience in teaching, desires a situation as Principal or Assistant in an Academy. He can exhibit the highest testimonials from the faculty as to his scholarship, moral character, and qualifications, for an Instructor. Patrons of schools who may wish to engage his services will please address him, stating terms &c. at Bethany Church, Iredell Co, N. C.

WM U. MURKLAND.

July 9 1862 d1m*

STOCK FOR SALE

$25,000. Stock in the Atlantic Tennessee & Ohio, Rail Road Com. for sale. For particulars apply to the undersigned, at Statesville, N. C.

C. A. CARLTON.

July 9, '62—1m*

STEINHOUSE & MACAULAY,

Commission Merchants.

Having leased their old store to the Government have moved to the store on the opposite corner, Trade Street, last occupied by Mr F. W. Ahrens, where they will be pleased to meet their old friends and customers.

Orders for Flour, Corn, &c., filled promptly as usual.

A well selected Stock of family Groceries always on hand.

J. E. STEINHOUSE.
ALLEN MACAULAY.

Charlotte, June 30, 1862—tf.

ATTENTION ALL.

The undersigned Surveyor's Department Cherokee, N. C., is in need of the following ... for persons of this Army, for which ... will be paid on delivery at the N. C. Institute. Persons residing in districts where they can be obtained, will please give their attention to collecting and saving them, the articles must be clean and well dried:

Seneka Snake root,	50 cents lb.
Puccoon, or Blood root,	40 " "
Wild Cherry bark,	30 " "
Indian Turnip,	50 " "
American Ipecac—root,	1.00 " "
Missouri Sparg—root,	" "
Indian Physic—root,	25 " "
Indian Tobacco,	25 " "
Black Snake root,	50 " "
Poke root,	20 " "
Cranesbill,	20 " "
Blackberry root,	20 " "
American Gentian,	20 " "
Dogwood bark,	25 " "
Poke Root,	20 " "
American Hellebore root,	20 " "
Peppermint,	20 " "
Skunk Cabbage—root,	20 " "
Jamestown Weed—seed and leaves,	20 " "
Rosinweed—leaves,	20 " "
Wintergreen, or Partridge Berry,	20 " "
Horsemint,	20 " "
Sassafras—bark of root,	20 " "
Sassafras pith,	5.00 " "
Ginseng root,	50 " "
Sarsaparilla root,	75 " "
Lavender—leaves and stem,	20 " "
Flax seed, per bushel,	2.50 " "
White Oak bark,	20 " "
Meadow Sweet,	25 " "
American Columbo root,	50 " "
Willow bark,	20 " "
Tulip Tree bark, or Wild Poplar,	20 " "
Persimmon bark—from root,	20 " "
Centaury herb,	20 " "
Boneset,	20 " "
Butterfly Weed, or Pleurisy root,	20 " "
Dandelion root,	20 " "
Horse,	100 " "
Wild Senna,	50 " "
May Apple, or Mandrake,	75 " "
Butternut—inner bark of root,	50 " "
Henbane—leaves and seed,	75 " "
Barberry leaves,	50 " "
Fleabane,	25 " "
Sedge Broom—tops of stems,	20 " "
Black Root,	50 " "
Worm Seed,	25 " "
Calamus,	25 " "
Wild Ginger, or Canada Snake root,	25 " "
Queen's Root,	50 " "
Slippery Elm,	30 " "
Red Pepper,	100 " "
Anise seed,	50 " "
Spear Mint,	25 " "
Bitter Sweet, or Woody Night Shade,	50 " "
Poppy—ripe capsules,	1.00 " "
Lettuce garden—dried juice,	1.00 " "
Marsh Rosemary—root,	30 " "
Virginia Snake root—root,	75 " "
Juniper—tops,	25 " "
Red Cedar—tops,	25 " "
Prickley Ash—bark,	50 " "
Robine Rye or Hair cap moss,	30 " "

M. HOWARD,
Sur'g and Med'l Purveyor,
Charlotte, N. C.

July 8, 1862—d1m w1m

WALTON HOUSE.

MORGANTON, N. C.

This house is now open for the reception of the public, either by the day, week or month. The many advantages of healthfulness, beauty of scenery, good water, &c., will point this out as a desirable place for families or individuals seeking a home during the continuance of the war, or for spending the summer months, with the assurance on the part of the Proprietors that every attention will be paid to the comfort and convenience of those who may patronize their house.

JOHN G. WILLIAMS,
W. R. S. BURBANK.

July 7, 1862—d1m

NOTICE.

COLUMBIA, June 16, '62.

Application will be made to or a duplicate certificate of Stock issued to Samuel Kerr, July 23, 1856, 1094.

T. J. SUMNER.

June 20, '62—1m.

Charlotte & S. C. Rail Road.

Stockholders desiring their stock dividend will leave their original certificates with me. The coupons due upon the Bonds of this Company on the 1st of July will be paid on presentation to the undersigned.

A. H. MARTIN, Agent.

June 12, 1862—tf

NAILS! NAILS!

All sizes at

KAHNWEILER & BRO.

June 17, 1862—tf

HILLSBORO' N. C. MILITARY ACADEMY.

The second session of the Fourth Academic year of this Institute will commence on 1st of August, 1862.

For circulars or information apply to

Maj. W. M. GORDON, Supt.

June 14, 1862—3m

RUN THE BLOCKADE

Ladies English Hoop Skirts, all qualities, Brown and Black English Long Cloth, French Kid Gloves, light and dark colors, French Gambroon, Men's and Boys Summer wear.

Gents English Shirts, direct importation, also new styles Gents Collars for sale by

KAHNWEILER & BROS.

june 13 '62-d4tc.

SALT, SALT.

Several hundred bushels of SALT expecting daily. For sale at

KAHNWEILER & BROS.

june 7, '62-tf

SUGAR, SUGAR.

75	75	75	75	75	75

Seventy-five hds. assorted quality SUGAR, on hand and for sale at

KAHNWEILER & BROS.

June 7, 1862—tf

COFFEE, COFFEE.

Ten sacks Rio and Valparaiso COFFEE on hand and selling fast at

KAHNWEILER & BROS.

June 7, 1862—tf

MILLINERY! MILLINERY!

Miss F. Brown, who has the superintendence of our Millinery department, (and who has just arrived,) has brought with her a splendid assortment of French Artificials and a large variety of Bonnet Ribbons, Straw Bonnets of Neopolitan Drab and Black Straw Bonnets, Ladies and Misses Hats, Blond Laces, Bonnet Materials of all shades, and plaid Silks, Rouches &c., &c.

Miss Brown will be happy to wait upon our customers and will endeavor to please all in giving the latest Paris and e'la Confederate fashions.

Many thanks for your past favors and patronage bestowed to us, and we hope to have the same continuance.

KAHNWEILER & BROS.

june 6'62 d1m.

DRUGS MEDICINES, &c.

Opium, Morphine, Quinine, French Brandy, Old Port Wine and Castor Oil, (by the gallon,) Indigo, Castile Soap, Sup. Carb Soda, (by the keg,) Calomel and Nitrate of Silver, (Lunar Caustic,) just received.

WANTED, 150 pounds Red Rose Leaves (perfectly dry) for which 50 cents a pound will be paid by

F. NYE HUTCHISON & Co.,
Charlotte, June 3—tf Druggist.

A. Tenn. & Ohio Railroad.

The passenger train, on and after Thursday, the 5th inst., will leave the head of the Road at 5.30 a. m. Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, to connect at Charlotte with the 9 o'clock train to Columbia. Passengers leaving Statesville in the morning will reach Columbia in the afternoon.

T. J. SUMNER,
June 3—tm Engineer.

MANSION HOUSE,

CHARLOTTE, N. C.

[illegible] the undersigned [illegible] to accommodate transients and permanent boarders upon as liberal terms as the times will admit.

His larder is well supplied, and all other comforts, conveniences or necessities are in ample abundance, and he flatters himself that entire satisfaction will be given to all those who may favor him with their patronage.

His large experience is a sufficient guarantee of his qualifications as a host and caterer for the appreciative.

An omnibus will always be found in waiting on the arrivals of the several trains to convey passengers to this House or elsewhere in the city.

WM. P. MOORE.

May 17, '62—tf

WANTED.

Twenty hands can find immediate employment by applying at the Envelope Manufactory to

I. H. STEVENS & CO.,
Opposite Post Office.

May 28'62 dtf.

The North Carolina WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS,

CATAWBA COUNTY,

56 MILES WEST OF SALISBURY,

Near the W. N. C. Rail Road,

ARE NOW OPEN FOR VISITORS, OFFERING a safe, healthy and pleasant retreat near the mountains of North Carolina to families who cannot be accompanied by gentlemen.

Several hundred visitors can be accommodated with cottages, or rooms in the Hotels. A daily mail to the Springs and Hacks at the service of visitors. The decided success of these Springs in former seasons, and the reputation of the managers as caterers, insure satisfaction to visitors.

Mrs. E. J. ROBARDS.

May 10, 1862-3m

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

TO THE MANUFACTURERS OF THE SOUTHERN CONFEDERACY.

I have a Receipt to make a liquid to mix ¼ and ¼ with any kind of Oil (except pure Lard,) which is equal to Spurm Oil for Machinery. This liquid can be made at a cost of five dollars per barrel of 50 gallons. It can be made in 20 minutes and be ready for use in 4 hours. This Oil will not create any gum, but will cut away all gum that has been created by rotten Oils. It is better than Spurm Oil for all kinds of Cotton Mills. It is the very article for Cotton and Paper Mills. Any one that wants the receipt can address me at this place and I will give any information concerning it, price, &c., &c.

Address

T. R. BAILEY,
Buffalo Paper Mills,
Cleaveland Co., N. C.

May 8, 1862—3m

DAVENPORT FEMALE COLLEGE.

This Institution is situated at Lenoir, N. C., and is under the patronage of the South Carolina Conference. Next annual term opens July 17th. Tuition from $10 to $45 per annum. Board $3.00 per week. Washing 50 cents per dozen. Lights extra. Uniforms not required at present. Payment to be made half in advance, the ballance in December. An additional charge of 20 per cent. in cases where payment is delayed. The buildings are large, fine and comfortably furnished, and the situation not to be excelled in beauty and healthfulness. Hickory Station on the W. N. C. R. R. is only 18 miles distant; a tri-weekly hack runs between it and this place. For other particulars address the President.

RICHARD H. PRITCHARD.

—Lenoir, May 23, 1862—3m

ATTENTION TO ALL.

TWO HUNDRED Reams of writing paper. ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND Envelopes, just received at the Store of

KOOPMAN & PHELPS.

May 20th, 1862. tf

A CARD.

The undersigned begs leave to inform his friends and the public generally that he is prepared to give private lessons, at the residences of the pupils, on the Piano, Guitar, Violin and Melodeon, and in drawing and the modern languages. Terms moderate.

R. F. HUNT.

Professor at the Charlotte Fem. Col.

jan'61-28-d1f

Charlotte & S. C. Railroad Co.

COLUMBIA, March 31, 1862.

A PASSENGER TRAIN will leave Columbia for Charlotte each afternoon at 6, and arrive in Columbia at 5 a. m.

T. J. SUMNER,
Engineer and Superintendent.

April 4, 1862 tf

Charlotte & S. C. Railroad.

THE Passenger Trains on this Road will leave and arrive, hereafter, as follows:

Leave Charlotte, at	8:30 A.M.
Arrive at Charlotte,	3:50 P.M.
Leave Columbia at	8:00 A.M.
Arrive at Columbia,	4:30 P.M.

Nov 3 tf

TALLOW! TALLOW!

5,000 lbs extra article white TALLOW for sale by

KAHNWEILER & BROS.

June 23, '62—tf.

TO COTTON PLANTERS.

Just received a lot of Bagging.

For sale low at

KAHNWEILER & BROS.

Feb. 15, 1862—tf

MOURNING GOODS.

Plain black Grenadines, Barèges all wool, and Plain Mousselines, Alpaccas, Black Figured Paralins, Black Mourning Shawls, Black Grape Belts, and Kid Gloves. For sale at

KAHNWEILER & BROS.

March 20, 1862-tf

RICE FLOUR.

Fresh ground, for sale at the Charlotte Mills.

JOHN WILKES.

aug 1 '62—tf3

CHARLOTTE and S. C. R. R.

The Coupons due on the 1st of January next on the Bonds of this Company will be paid whenever presented at my office at the Depot.

A. H. MARTIN, Agent.

dec 9-'61.

BALMORAL DEW.

Ten cases genuine Scotch Whiskey, distilled by Wm. Hay & Co., Glascow, just received from the blockade.

For sale by

KAHNWEILER & BROS.

July 15, 1862—tf

SPERM CANDLES.

Received a large variety of SPERM Candles for sale at KAHNWEILER & BROS.

March 13, 1862-tf